

# Have and have got

## 1) have and have got = possess, own.

We often use have got rather than have alone. So you can say:

- ❖ They have got two sisters. OR They have two sisters.
- ❖ Ann has got a new car. OR Ann has a new car.

We use have or have got for illnesses, pains...:

- ❖ I've got a headache. OR I have a headache.

So, the meaning is the same BUT be careful with the conjugations!

## 2) Be careful in questions and negative sentences!

in questions

Have you got any money ?  
Has she got a car?

in negative sentences

I haven't got any money.  
She hasn't got any money.

Do you have any money ?  
Does she have a car?

I don't have any money.  
She doesn't have a car.

### Conclusion:

The conjugation of have got is similar to the present perfect (have + pp du verbe), whereas you need to conjugate have in the present simple.

## 3) For the past, we use the past of have (had), without got.

- ❖ Ann had long hair when she was younger.
- ❖ Did Ann have long hair when she was younger?
- ❖ Ann didn't have short hair when she was younger.

## 4) Have, but not have got, is also used in many actions and experiences.

have

breakfast, lunch, a cup of tea...  
a bath, a shower, a swim, a party, a holiday...  
an accident, an experience, a dream...  
a look (at something), a chat (with someone)  
a baby  
difficulty, trouble, fun

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